

1. **ORDER OF BUSINESS** An agenda shall be prepared by the Chairman and Secretary, and all items thereon shall take precedence over all other business. Any member desirous of introducing business for the consideration of the meeting may do so after the business on the agenda has been completed or may give notice to be discussed at a further meeting.
2. **SUSPENSION OF STANDING ORDER** In the event of any matter of urgency, however, the Chairman may accept a suspension of the Standing Order. The member moving such suspension must clearly state the nature and urgency of his business, the numbers of the standing orders affected, and the length of time he desires such suspension to last. At the option of the meeting, a further extension may be allowed, but no suspension shall take place except by majority vote of the members present.
3. **MINUTES** No motion or discussion shall be allowed on the Minutes except in regard to their accuracy. After the confirmation of the Minutes, they shall be signed by the Chairman, and the members shall then be at liberty to ask questions in regard to matters arising out of them. Such questions shall be allowed for purposes of information only, and no debate on the policy outlined in the Minutes shall take place. All persons desiring the floor shall rise and address themselves to the chair. They shall state their name and the department which they represent, if recognized by the chair, they shall have the privilege of the floor and all the rights thereof. All speakers are to make use of the microphones when addressing the Meeting in order that it be recorded and made a permanent record in the Meeting proceedings. Should two or more persons rise at the same time, the chair shall decide, without debate, who is entitled to the floor. An accredited member shall have the right to speak and vote on all issues coming before the meeting. Persons other than accredited members, so certified, may speak with the permission of the Chair but shall not vote on any issue.
4. **SPEECHES** No member shall be allowed to speak more than once upon any motion before the meeting, unless on a point of order, or explanation, except the mover of the original Motion. But on an amendment being moved, any member even though he has spoken on an original Motion, may speak on the amendment. No member for more than five minutes at a time. Members wishing to raise points of order or explanation must first obtain the permission of the Chairman and must raise immediately the alleged breach which has occurred. Any member may formally second any motion or amendment and raise his speech until a later period in the debate. No person shall interrupt another who is speaking except on a point of order, a Parliamentary inquiry, or a point of information. If it should come to pass that a speaker is called to order while speaking, the Speaker should take his seat until the question of order is determined.
5. **CHAIRMAN'S RULING** The ruling of the Chairman on any question under the Standing Orders, or on points of order or explanation, shall be final, unless challenged by not less than four members, and unless two-thirds of the members present vote to the contrary.
6. **INTERRUPTION** If any member interrupts another while addressing the meeting or uses abusive or profane language or causes disturbance at any of the meetings, and refuses to obey the Chairman when called to order, he shall be named by the Chairman. He shall there upon be expelled from the room and shall not be allowed to enter again until an apology satisfactory to the meeting be given. A question shall not be subject to debate until it has been duly moved and seconded and is stated from the chair.

7. **MOTIONS AND AMENDMENTS** The first proposition on any particular subject shall be known as the Original Motion, and all succeeding propositions on the subject shall be called amendments. Every motion or amendment must be moved and seconded by members present at the meeting before they can be discussed, and, wherever possible, should be set forth in writing. It is permissible for a member to make his speech first and conclude with a motion. When an amendment shall be discussed until the first amendment is disposed of notice of any further amendment must be given before the first amendment is out to the vote.
8. **SUBSTANTIVE MOTIONS** If an amendment be carried, it displaces the Original Motion and itself becomes the substantive motion, whereupon any further amendment relating to any portion of the substantive motion may be moved, provided it is consistent with the business and has not been covered by an amendment or motion which has been previously rejected. After the vote on each succeeding amendment has been taken, the surviving proposition shall be put to the vote as the main question, and if carried shall then become a resolution of the meeting.
9. **RIGHT OF REPLY** The mover of the Original Motion shall, if no amendment be moved, have the right of reply at the close of the debate upon such motion. When an amendment is moved, he shall be entitled to speak thereon in accordance with Standing Order No. 8 and at the close of the debate on such amendment shall reply to the discussion, but shall introduce no new matter. The question shall then be put to the vote immediately, and under no circumstances shall any further discussion be allowed once the question has been put from the Chair. The mover of an amendment shall not be entitled to reply.
10. **WITHDRAWALS OR ADDITIONS** No motion or amendment which has been accepted by the Chair shall be withdrawn without the majority vote of the meeting. Neither shall any addendum or rider be added to a motion, which has been accepted by the Chair without majority vote. Should any member dissent, the addendum must be proposed and seconded, and treated as an ordinary amendment.
11. **CLOSING DEBATE** The motions for the previous question, next business, or the closure, may be moved and seconded only by members who have not previously spoken at any time during the debate. No speeches shall be allowed on such motions. In the event of the closure being carried, the mover of the Original Motion shall have the right to reply in accordance with Standing Order NO.6 before the question is put. Should anyone of the motions mentioned in this Standing Order be defeated, thirty minutes shall elapse before it can be accepted again by the Chairman, unless he is of the opinion that the circumstances have materially altered in the meantime .
12. **ADJOURNMENT** Any member who has not already spoken during the debate may move the adjournment of the question under discussion, or of the meeting, but must confine his remarks to the question and must not discuss any other matter. The mover of the motion upon which the adjournment has been moved, shall be allowed the right to reply

on the question of the adjournment, but such reply shall not prejudice his right of reply on his own motion.

In the event of such motion being lost, it shall not be moved again. Any member may demand a division of the question before the House, when the sense of it would permit. Any member may call for a division of the House (that is, for a roll call vote) when there appears to be a reasonable doubt as to the accuracy of the vote as announced by the Chair. A motion to lay on the table shall be put without debate.

A motion for reconsideration shall not be entertained unless at the same or following session by a member who voted on the prevailing side, and shall require a majority vote.

Any two members shall have the right to demand (by majority vote) that the room shall be cleared of all but accredited delegates to transact business of a nature that precludes premature publicity. Whispering, loud talking, or other disturbances calculated to disturb anyone while speaking will not be tolerated.